

### Introduction

The CO<sub>2</sub> detector uses Infrared Technology to monitor CO<sub>2</sub> levels within a range of 0 – 2000 ppm. Options include a control relay, override switch, up/down setpoint control, RH sensor and temperature sensor.

The device includes ModBus protocol with 16 I/O registers and an RS-485 MS/TP network connection to offer a single-point solution for control of indoor air quality and comfort. Features include a back-lit LCD and user menu for easy installation, field-proven RH sensor and user input controls to add local setpoint and override functions at the same network point.

### Before Installation

Read these instructions carefully before installing and commissioning the CO<sub>2</sub> detector. Failure to follow these instructions may result in product damage. Do not use in an explosive or hazardous environment, with combustible or flammable gases, as a safety or emergency stop device or in any other application where failure of the product could result in personal injury. Take electrostatic discharge precautions during installation and do not exceed the device ratings.

### Set-up

The device parameters must be set before connection to the network and will ensure each device will have a unique ModBus address for startup. Once set, all parameters are saved in non-volatile memory. The local menu and LCD are used to set the ModBus device address (0-64) and the baud rate. The factory defaults are address 01 and 9600 baud. The menu and setup procedure is described in the Start-up section.

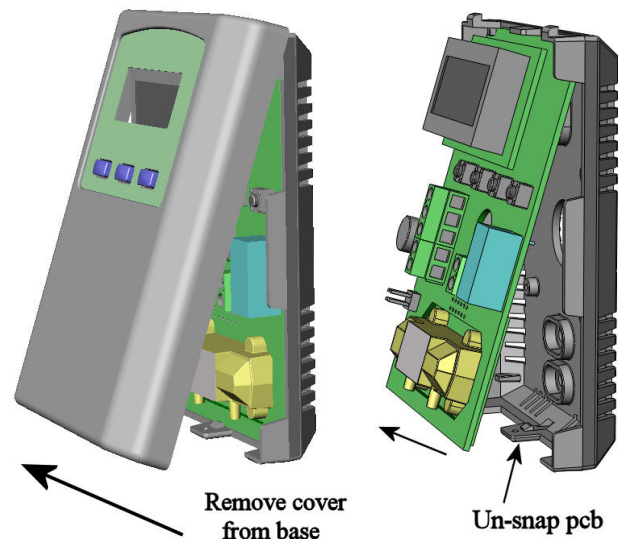
The menu is also used to select RTU/ASCII mode, the parity, number of stop bits, the CRC value and ModBus delay values so the device can be completely configured for the communication parameters before connecting to the network.

### Mounting

The room type sensor installs directly on a standard electrical box and should be mounted five feet from the floor of the area to be controlled. Do not mount the sensor near doors, opening windows, supply air diffusers or other known air disturbances. Avoid areas where the detector is exposed to vibrations or rapid temperature changes.

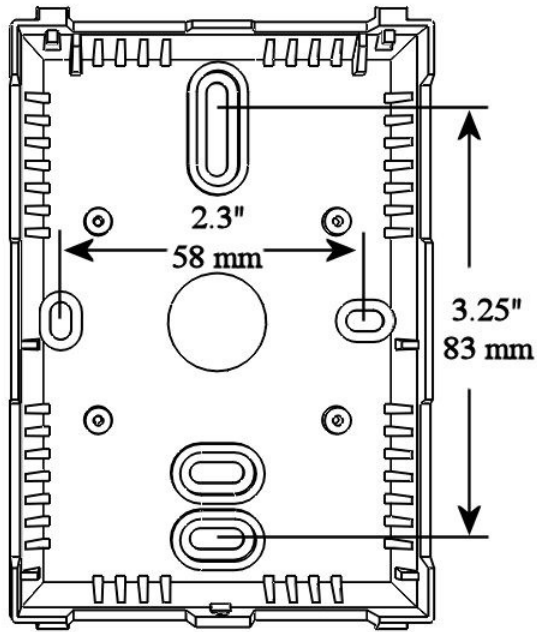
The cover is hooked to the base at the top edge and must be removed from the bottom edge first. Use a small screwdriver to carefully pry each bottom corner if necessary. If a security screw is installed on the bottom edge, then it may have to be loosened or removed also. Tip the cover away from the base and sit it aside.

The pcb must be removed from the base to access the mounting holes. Follow usual anti-static procedures when handling the pcb and be careful not to touch the sensors. The pcb is removed by pressing the enclosure base to unsnap the latch near the bottom edge, then the pcb can be lifted out of the base. Sit the pcb aside until the base is mounted on the wall.



After the base is screwed to an electrical box or the wall using the appropriate holes, pull the wires through the wiring hole in the center of the pcb and then reinstall it in the enclosure base. Ensure the pcb is snapped into the base securely and correctly.

The mounting hole locations are shown in the following drawing.



### Wiring

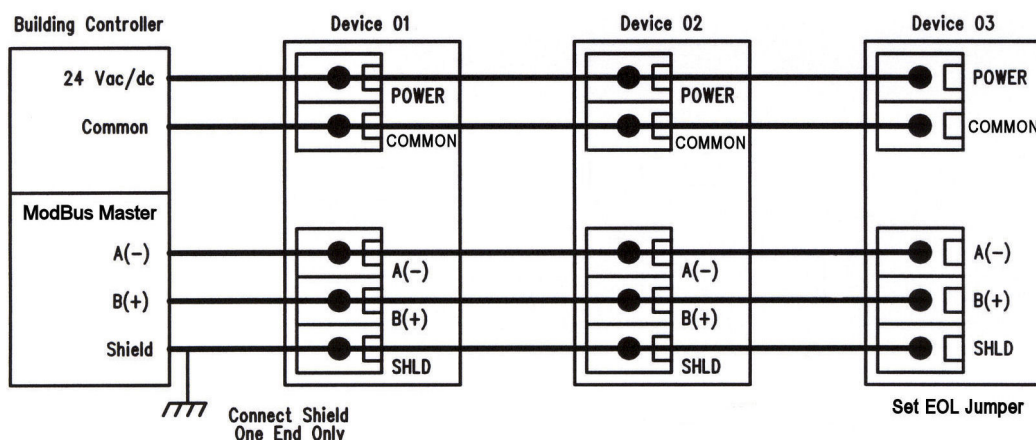
Deactivate the 24 Vac/dc power supply until all connections are made to the device to prevent electrical shock or equipment damage. Follow proper electrostatic discharge (ESD) handling procedures when installing the device or equipment damage may occur. Use 22 AWG shielded wiring for all connections and do not locate the device wires in the same conduit with wiring used to supply inductive loads such as motors. Make all connections in accordance with national and local codes.

Connect the 24 Vac/dc power supply to the terminals labeled **POWER** and **COMMON**. Use caution if 24 Vac power is used and one side of the transformer is earth-grounded. In general, the transformer should NOT be connected to earth ground when using devices with RS-485 network connections. The device is reverse voltage protected and will not operate if connected backwards.

Connect the RS-485 network with twisted shielded pair to the terminals marked **A(-)**, **B(+)** and **SHIELD**. The positive wire connects to **B(+)** and the negative wire connects to **A(-)** and the cable shield must be connected to the **SHIELD** terminal on each device. If the device is installed at either end of an RS-485 network, an end-of-line (EOL) termination resistor (121 ohm) should be installed in parallel to the A(-) and B(+) terminals. This device includes a network termination jumper and will connect the 121 ohm resistor correctly on the pcb. Simply move the jumper to the EOL position and no external resistor is required. The ground wire of the shielded pair should be connected to earth ground at the end of the network and the master is not grounded. Do not run bus wiring in the same conduit as line voltage wiring or other wiring that switches power to highly inductive loads such as contactors, coils or motors.

A network segment is a single shielded wire loop run between several devices (nodes) in a daisy chain configuration. The total segment length should be less than 4000 feet (1220 meters) and the maximum number of nodes on one segment is 32. Nodes are any device connected to the loop and include controllers, repeaters and sensors such as the CDD but do not include the EOL terminators. To install more than 32 devices, or to increase the network length, repeaters will be required for proper communication. The maximum daisy chain length (segment) depends on transmission speed (baud rate), wire size and number of nodes. If communication is slow or unreliable, it may be necessary to wire two daisy chains to the controller with a repeater for each segment.

An optional signal is the relay output available on the **N. OPEN** and **RELAY COM** terminals. The Relay COM terminal is NOT connected to the power supply **COMMON** terminal. The relay output is completely isolated and has a Normally Open (NO) signal. This signal can be used to directly control an alarm or ventilation fan.



**Start-up**

Verify the transmitter is properly wired and connections are tight. Apply power and note that the CO<sub>2</sub> sensor chamber light flashes on and off. The LCD will indicate the software version number, the Auto Cal status, the ModBus address and the Baud Rate. Then the device will begin reading the sensor values and display them on the LCD. The sensor operates on a 4 second interval and will update the output and display every 4 seconds.

**Operation**

In normal operation the device reads the CO<sub>2</sub>, RH and temperature sensors and updates the register values accordingly. The LCD displays the sensor values as determined by the display mode register.

If the device has the optional Up/Down setpoint switches installed, pressing either the <UP> or <DOWN> keys will cause the LCD to change to show the setpoint value. The first key press will display the current setting of the

Up/Down control from 0 to 100%. The display will show "Setpoint - xx%" for about 5 seconds and then revert back to the sensor values again if neither the <UP> or <DOWN> keys are pressed again. To increase the setpoint, press the <UP> key while the LCD is in setpoint mode and each press will increase the setpoint by 10% up to the 100% maximum value. To decrease the setpoint, press the <DOWN> key while the LCD is in setpoint mode and each press will decrease the setpoint by 10% down to the 0% minimum value. After 5 seconds of no key activity, the display will revert back to normal and the new setpoint value will be saved.

If the device has the optional Override switch installed, pressing the <OVERRIDE> key will cause the LCD to change to show the override status. The display will show "Override – ON" for about 5 seconds and then revert back to the sensor values again. The override cannot be turned OFF with the switch, it must be reset via the ModBus Override\_Switch\_Reset register.

**Setup Menu**

The menu has several items as shown below. To enter the menu, press and release the <MENU> key while in normal operation. This will enter the SETUP menu step 1, pressing the <MENU> key a second time advances to step 2. Each press of the <MENU> key advances the menu item. No values are saved or changed by using the <MENU> key. The <UP> and <DOWN> keys are used to make changes to program variables by scrolling through the available options. When a value is changed, use the <SAVE> key to save it to memory and advance to the next menu item.

<MENU>	Press and release the <MENU> key to enter the SETUP menu
1. ModBus Addr 01	Use the <UP> or <DOWN> keys to select a unique slave address from 0-64. Press the <SAVE> key to save the change. The factory default ModBus slave address is 1.
<MENU>	
2. BaudRate 9600	Use <UP> or <DOWN> to select a baud rate of 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 76800 or 115200. Use the <SAVE> key to save the change. The factory default ModBus baud rate is 9600.
<MENU>	
3. Mod Mode RTU	Use the <UP> or <DOWN> keys to toggle between RTU and ASCII modes. Press the <SAVE> key to save the change. The factory default ModBus transmission mode is RTU.
<MENU>	
4. ModBus Parity N	Use the <UP> or <DOWN> keys to select a parity value of N (none), O (odd) or E (even). Press the <SAVE> key to save the change. The factory default ModBus parity bit is N (none).
<MENU>	
5. ModBus Stop 1	Use the <UP> or <DOWN> keys to toggle the stop bits between 1 and 2 ( <i>for some configurations the value is fixed</i> ). Press the <SAVE> key to save. The default stop bits is 1.
<MENU>	

6. ModBus  
CRC A001      Use <UP> or <DOWN> to set the CRC value to A001 (CRC-16 reverse), 1021 (CITT), 8005 (CRC-16), or 8408 (CITT reverse), then <SAVE> the value. The default RTU mode CRC polynomial is 0xA001.

<MENU>

7. ModBus  
Del MI      Use the <UP> or <DOWN> keys to change the value from MI (minimum) to 50, 100, 150, 200, 250, 300 or 350ms. Press the <SAVE>key to save the value. The factory default slave response delay is MI (*minimum delay means just more than 3.5 character time delays, 4ms for 9600 baud rate, for example*).

<MENU>

8. Calibrat  
1000 PPM      This item is used for 1000 ppm gas calibration and is explained in the *Calibration* section.

<MENU>

**Item 9 is only available if the Relay Option is installed, otherwise the menu skips directly to step 10.**

9. Relay  
Test OFF      Use the <UP> or <DOWN> keys to toggle the relay ON or OFF. Press the <MENU> key to turn the relay off and advance to the next item.

<MENU>

**Item 10 is only available if the cover is equipped with a viewable LCD, otherwise the menu skips directly to step 11.**

10. BackLite  
Enable      Use the <UP> or <DOWN> keys to enable or disable the LCD backlight. When enabled the backlight is always on, when disabled it never lights. Press <SAVE> to save the setting. The factory default is Enable.

<MENU>

11. Menu  
Exit      Press <SAVE> to exit the menu and return to normal operation or <MENU> to repeat the menu.

### Modbus Trouble-shooting

The CO2/RH/T device operates as a slave. It will not communicate unless a master is connected to the network and sends a request for information, then the slave will answer. If the device does not communicate properly, first check that the communication wires are not reversed. Then check the communication parameters in the menu in the following sequence: Slave address, baud rate, transmission mode, parity bit, stop bit, RTU mode CRC polynomial and slave response delay.

The factory default Modbus address is 01 and each device must have its unique address to communicate properly on the bus. Use the menu as described above to change the Slave address to a unique number for each unit.

The default Modbus baud rate is 9600. Use the menu to change the baud rate to the correct setting.

The default transmission mode is RTU. If this is incorrect, use the menu to change the transmission mode to ASCII.

The default Modbus parity is N for None. If this is not correct, use the menu to change the parity from None to Odd or Even.

The default stop bits is 1. Use the menu to change the stop bit setting to 2. For some configurations the value is fixed.

The default Modbus CRC value is A001. The menu can be used to change this setting. This only applies to RTU mode and has no effect in ASCII mode. It is the CRC polynomial setting and can be changed between A001, 1021, 8005 or 8408.

The default Modbus delay is minimum (0). This can be changed as described above. It is the slave response delay and can be set from minimum to 350ms. For example, the minimum delay means 3.5 character time delays or 4ms for 9600 baud rate.

**ModBus Protocol**

This section describes the implementation of the Modbus protocol used in the CO<sub>2</sub>/RH/T detector. It is intended to assist control system programmers who may need to add support to their systems to communicate with this device. The CO<sub>2</sub>/RH/T detector communicates on standard Modbus networks using either RTU or ASCII mode transmission. It operates as a slave device (address from 01 to 64) and expects a Modbus master device to transmit queries, which it will answer.

**RTU Mode Message Format**

Modbus Framing	8 bit binary
Data Bits	start bits --- 1 data bits --- 8 parity bits --- none, odd or even stop bits --- 1or 2
Baud Rate	300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 76800 or 115200
Duplex	Half duplex
Error Checking	Cyclical Redundancy Check (CRC) CRC-16 --- polynomial $x^{16}+x^{15}+x^2+x^0$ 0x8005 or reversed version 0xA001 or CRC-CITT --- polynomial $x^{16}+x^{12}+x^5+x^0$ 0x1021 or reversed version 0x8408
Latency	More than 3.5 characters --- minimum, 50, 100, 150, 200, 250, 300 or 350 mS

**ASCII Mode Message Format**

Modbus Framing	ASCII characters 0...9, A...F
Data Bits	start bits --- 1 data bits --- 7 parity bits --- none, odd or even stop bits --- 1or 2
Baud Rate	300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 76800 or 115200
Duplex	Half duplex
Error Checking	Longitudinal Redundancy Check (LRC)
Latency	More than 3.5 characters --- minimum, 50, 100, 150, 200, 250, 300 or 350 mS

**Framing Support and Bit Sequences**

RTU Mode	Start	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Stop	
	Start	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Stop	Stop
	Start	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Odd	Stop
	Start	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Even	Stop
ASCII Mode	Start	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Stop	Stop	
	Start	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Odd	Stop	
	Start	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Odd	Stop	Stop
	Start	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Even	Stop	
	Start	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Even	Stop	Stop

## Modbus Register Addressing

Modbus Address	Typical Offset	Units	Data Type	Access	Notes
40001	+0		Bit	Read	Unsigned 16-bit integer Bit0 1 = CO2 in normal status, 0 = in abnormal status, Bit1-15 unused
40002	+1	PPM	Word	Read	Unsigned 16-bit integer, CO2 value
40003	+2	%RH	Word	Read	Unsigned 16-bit integer, %RH value
40004	+3	°F/°C	Word	Read	Unsigned 16-bit integer, Temperature value
40005	+4		Word	Read	Unsigned 16-bit integer 1 = relay activated, 0 = relay not activated
40006	+5	%	Word	Read	Unsigned 16-bit integer, UP/DOWN value
40007	+6		Word	Read	Unsigned 16-bit integer 1 = override activated, 0 = override not activated
40008	+7	Feet	Word	Write	Unsigned 16-bit integer, SENSOR_ALTITUDE = 0 to 0x0A ALTITUDE = 500 * (SENSOR_ALTITUDE) = 0 to 5000 feet
40009	+8		Word	Write	Unsigned 16-bit integer 1 = auto cal on, 0 = auto cal off
40010	+9		Word	Write	Unsigned 16-bit integer 1 = degrees F, 0 = degrees C
40011	+10		Word	Write	Unsigned 16-bit integer, DISPLAY_MODE = 0 to 0x03 0=CO2, 1=CO2+RH, 2=CO2+T, 3=CO2+RH+T
40012	+11	°F	Word	Write	Unsigned 16-bit integer, TEMPERATURE_OFFSET = 0 to 0x0A T_OFFSET = TEMPERATURE_OFFSET - 5 = -5 to +5 °F
40013	+12	%RH	Word	Write	Unsigned 16-bit integer, RH_OFFSET = 0 to 0x14 RH_OFF = RH_OFFSET - 10 = -10 to +10 %RH
40014	+13	PPM	Word	Write	Unsigned 16-bit integer RELAY_SETPOINT = 0x1F4 to 0x5DC = 500 to 1500 ppm
40015	+14	PPM	Word	Write	Unsigned 16-bit integer RELAY_HYSTERSIS = 0x19 to 0xC8 = 25 to 200 ppm
40016	+15		Word	Write	Unsigned 16-bit integer 1 = reset the override switch status to OFF (0)

**Function Codes (RTU mode)****0x01 --- Read coil status**

Query

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	Function code (0x01)	Starting address MSB *	Starting address LSB	Quantity of coils MSB *	Quantity of coils LSB	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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\* Starting address = 0x0000 to 0xFFFF, Quantity of coils = 0x0000 to 0x07D0

Response

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	Function code (0x01)	Byte count N*	Coil status MSB	...	Coil status LSB	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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\* N= Quantity of coils /8 or Quantity of coils /8 +1 (if the remainder is not 0)

**0x03 --- Read holding registers**

Query

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	Function code (0x03)	Starting address MSB *	Starting address LSB	Quantity of registers MSB *	Quantity of registers LSB	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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\* Starting address = 0x0000 to 0xFFFF, Quantity of registers = 0x0000 to 0x007D

Response

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	Function code (0x03)	Byte count 2N *	Register value MSB	Register value LSB	...	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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\* N= Quantity of registers

**0x06 --- Write single register**

Query

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	Function code 0x06	Register address MSB *	Register address LSB	Register value MSB *	Register value LSB	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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Response

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	Function code 0x06	Register address MSB *	Register address LSB	Register value MSB *	Register value LSB	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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\* Register address = 0x0000 to 0xFFFF, Registers value = 0x0000 to 0xFFFF

**Exception response**

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	Function code + 0x80	Exception code * 0x01, 0x02 or 0x03	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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\* An exception response is only returned if the CRC is correct

Exception code 01 --- illegal function, 02 --- illegal address, 03 --- illegal data value

The RTU function codes supported by the CO2/RH/T are shown below.

**0x01 --- Read CO2 Status**

Query

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x01	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x01	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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Response

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x01	0x01	Coil Status value	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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**0x03 --- Read CO2 PPM**

Query

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x03	0x00	0x01	0x00	0x01	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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Response

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x03	0x02	Register value MSB (PPM)	Register value LSB (PPM)	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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**0x03 --- Read %RH**

Query

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x03	0x00	0x02	0x00	0x01	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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Response

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x03	0x02	Register value 0x00	Register value (%RH)	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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**0x03 --- Read Temperature**

Query

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x03	0x00	0x03	0x00	0x01	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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Response

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x03	0x02	Register value 0x00	Register value (C/F)	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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**0x03 --- Read Relay\_Status**

Query

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x03	0x00	0x04	0x00	0x01	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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Response

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x03	0x02	Register value 0x00	Register value (0/1)	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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**0x03 --- Read Setpoint**

Query

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x03	0x00	0x05	0x00	0x01	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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Response

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x03	0x02	Register value 0x00	Register value (0-100%)	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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**0x03 --- Read Override\_Status**

Query

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x03	0x00	0x06	0x00	0x01	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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Response

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x03	0x02	Register value 0x00	Register value (0/1)	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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**0x06 --- Write single register (SENSOR\_ALTITUDE)**

Query

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x06	0x00	0x07	0x00	Register value LSB*	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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Response

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x06	0x00	0x07	0x00	Register value LSB*	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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\* Registers value = 0x0000 to 0x000A, corresponding to 0 to 5,000 Feet

**0x06 --- Write single register (AUTO\_CAL)**

Query

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x06	0x00	0x08	0x00	Register value LSB*	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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Response

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x06	0x00	0x08	0x00	Register value LSB*	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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\* Registers value = 0x0000 to 0x0001, corresponding to 0 = OFF and 1 = ON

**0x06 --- Write single register (C/F)**

Query

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x06	0x00	0x09	0x00	Register value LSB*	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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Response

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x06	0x00	0x09	0x00	Register value LSB*	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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\* Registers value = 0x0000 to 0x0001, corresponding to 0 = C and 1 = F

**0x06 --- Write single register (DISPLAY\_MODE)**

## Query

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x06	0x00	0x0A	0x00	Register value LSB*	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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## Response

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x06	0x00	0x0A	0x00	Register value LSB*	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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\* Registers value = 0x0000 to 0x0003, corresponding to 0 = CO2 only, 1 = CO2 + RH, 2 = CO2 + T and 3 = CO2 + RH + T

**0x06 --- Write single register (TEMPERATURE\_OFFSET)**

## Query

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x06	0x00	0x0B	0x00	Register value LSB*	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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## Response

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x06	0x00	0x0B	0x00	Register value LSB*	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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\* Registers value = 0x0000 to 0x000A, corresponding to -5 to +5 Degrees F

**0x06 --- Write single register (RH\_OFFSET)**

## Query

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x06	0x00	0x0C	0x00	Register value LSB*	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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## Response

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x06	0x00	0x0C	0x00	Register value LSB*	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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\* Registers value = 0x0000 to 0x0014, corresponding to -10 to +10 %RH

**0x06 --- Write single register (RELAY\_SETPOINT)**

## Query

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x06	0x00	0x0D	0x00	Register value LSB*	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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## Response

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x06	0x00	0x0D	0x00	Register value LSB*	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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\* Registers value = 0x01F4 to 0x05DC, corresponding to 500 to 1500 PPM

**0x06 --- Write single register (RELAY\_HYSTERESIS)**

## Query

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x06	0x00	0x0E	0x00	Register value LSB*	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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## Response

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x06	0x00	0x0E	0x00	Register value LSB*	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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\* Registers value = 0x0019 to 0x00C8, corresponding to 25 to 200 PPM

**0x06 --- Write single register (OVERRIDE\_SWITCH\_RESET)**

## Query

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x06	0x00	0x0F	0x00	Register value LSB*	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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## Response

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	0x06	0x00	0x0F	0x00	Register value LSB*	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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\* Registers value = 0x0001, corresponding to 1 = Reset the switch status to OFF (0)

**Exception response**

Slave address (0x01 to 0x20)	Function code + 0x80	Exception code * 0x01, 0x02 or 0x03	CRC LSB	CRC MSB
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\* An exception response is only returned if the CRC is correct  
Exception code 01 --- illegal function, 02 --- illegal address, 03 --- illegal data value

**Function codes (ASCII mode)****0x01 --- Read coil status**

## Query

Start character (:) 0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB (0x30)	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB	Function code (0x01) MSB (0x30)	Function code (0x01) LSB (0x31)	Starting address MSB *	Starting address	Starting address	Starting address LSB
Quantity of coils MSB *	Quantity of coils	Quantity of coils	Quantity of coils LSB	LRC MSB	LRC LSB	Return-line feed (CRLF) 0x0D	Return-line feed (CRLF) 0x0A	

\* Starting address = 0x0000 to 0xFFFF, Quantity of coils = 0x0000 to 0x07D0

## Response

Start character (:) 0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB (0x30)	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB	Function code (0x01) MSB (0x30)	Function code (0x01) LSB (0x31)	Byte count N * MSB	Byte count N LSB
Coil status MSB	...	Coil status LSB	LRC MSB	LRC LSB	Return-line feed (CRLF) 0x0D	Return-line feed (CRLF) 0x0A

\* N = Quantity of coils / 8 or Quantity of coils / 8 + 1 (if the remainder is not 0)

**0x03 --- Read holding registers****Query**

Start character (:) 0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB (0x30)	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB	Function code (0x01) MSB (0x30)	Function code (0x01) LSB (0x33)	Starting address MSB *	Starting address	Starting address	Starting address LSB
Quantity of registers MSB *	Quantity of registers	Quantity of registers	Quantity of registers LSB	LRC MSB	LRC LSB	Return-line feed (CRLF) 0x0D	Return-line feed (CRLF) 0x0A	

\* Starting address = 0x0000 to 0xFFFF, Quantity of registers = 0x0000 to 0x007D

**Response**

Start character (:) 0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB (0x30)	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB	Function code (0x01) MSB (0x30)	Function code (0x01) LSB (0x33)	Byte count MSB *	Byte count LSB		
Register value MSB (PPM)	Register value (PPM)	Register value (PPM)	Register value LSB (PPM)	LRC MSB	LRC LSB	Return-line feed (CRLF) 0x0D	Return-line feed (CRLF) 0x0A	

\* N= Quantity of registers

**0x06 --- Write single register****Query**

Start character (:) 0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB (0x30)	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB	Function Code (0x01) MSB (0x30)	Function Code (0x01) LSB (0x36)	Register address MSB *	Register address	Register address	Register address LSB
Register value MSB	Register value	Register value	Register value LSB	LRC MSB	LRC LSB	Return-line feed (CRLF) 0x0D	Return-line feed (CRLF) 0x0A	

\* Register address = 0x0000 to 0xFFFF

Registers value = 0x0000 to 0xFFFF

**Response**

Start character (:) 0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB (0x30)	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB	Function Code (0x01) MSB (0x30)	Function Code (0x01) LSB (0x36)	Register address MSB *	Register address	Register address	Register address LSB
Register value MSB	Register value	Register value	Register value LSB	LRC MSB	LRC LSB	Return-line feed (CRLF) 0x0D	Return-line feed (CRLF) 0x0A	

**Exception response**

Start character (:) 0x3A	Slave address (0x01 to 0x20) MSB (0x30)	Slave address (0x01 to 0x20) LSB	Function Code + 0x80 MSB	Function Code + 0x80 LSB	Exception code * 0x30			
Exception code * 0x01, 0x02 or 0x03 (0x31, 0x32 or 0x33)			LRC MSB	LRC LSB	Return-line feed (CRLF) 0x0D	Return-line feed (CRLF) 0x0A		

\* An exception response is only returned if the LRC is correct

Exception code 01 --- illegal function, 02 --- illegal address, 03 --- illegal data value

The ASCII function codes supported by the CO2/RH/T are shown below.

### 0x01 --- Read CO2 Status

Query

0x3A	Slave address * 0x01 to 0x20 MSB (0x30)	Slave address * 0x01 to 0x20 LSB	0x30	0x31	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x30
0x30	0x30	0x30	0x31	LRC MSB	LRC LSB	0x0D	0x0A	

\* If Slave address = 0x12, then MSB = 0x31, LSB = 0x32, for example

Response

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB (0x30)	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB	0x30	0x31	0x30	0x31
0x30	Coil LSB (0x30 or 0x31)		LRC MSB	LRC LSB	0x0D	0x0A

### 0x03 --- Read CO2 PPM

Query

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB (0x30)	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB	0x30	0x33	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x31
0x30	0x30	0x30	0x31	LRC MSB	LRC LSB	0x0D	0x0A	

Response

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB (0x30)		Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB		0x30	0x33		0x30		0x31			
Register value MSB (PPM)		Register value (PPM)		Register value (PPM)		Register value LSB (PPM)		LRC MSB		LRC LSB		0x0D	0x0A

### 0x03 --- Read %RH

Query

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB (0x30)	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB	0x30	0x33	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x32
0x30	0x30	0x30	0x31	LRC MSB	LRC LSB	0x0D	0x0A	

Response

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB (0x30)		Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB		0x30	0x33		0x30		0x32			
Register value 0x30		Register value 0x30		Register value (%RH)		Register value LSB (%RH)		LRC MSB		LRC LSB		0x0D	0x0A

**0x03 --- Read Temperature****Query**

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB (0x30)	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB	0x30	0x33	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x33
0x30	0x30	0x30	0x31	LRC MSB	LRC LSB	0x0D		0x0A

**Response**

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB (0x30)	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB	0x30	0x33	0x30		0x33
Register value 0x30	Register value 0x30	Register value (C/F)	Register value LSB (C/F)	LRC MSB	LRC LSB	0x0D	0x0A

**0x03 --- Read Relay\_Status****Query**

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB (0x30)	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB	0x30	0x33	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x34
0x30	0x30	0x30	0x31	LRC MSB	LRC LSB	0x0D		0x0A

**Response**

Response									
0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB (0x30)		Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB		0x30	0x33		0x30	0x34
Register value 0x30	Register value 0x30	Register value (??)	Register value LSB (??)	LRC MSB	LRC LSB	0x0D		0x0A	

**0x03 --- Read Setpoint****Query**

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB (0x30)	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB	0x30	0x33	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x35
0x30	0x30	0x30	0x31	LRC MSB	LRC LSB	0x0D		0x0A

**Response**

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB (0x30)	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB	0x30	0x33	0x30		0x35
Register value 0x30	Register value 0x30	Register value (??)	Register value LSB (??)	LRC MSB	LRC LSB	0x0D	0x0A

**0x03 --- Read Override\_Status****Query**

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB (0x30)	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB	0x30	0x33	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x36
0x30	0x30	0x30	0x31	LRC MSB	LRC LSB	0x0D		0x0A

Response

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB (0x30)	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB	0x30	0x33	0x30	0x36
Register value 0x30	Register value 0x30	Register value (??)	Register value LSB (??)	LRC MSB	LRC LSB	0x0D 0x0A

**0x06 --- Write single register (SENSOR\_ALTITUDE)**

Query

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB		Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB		0x30	0x36	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x37	
0x30	0x30	Register value	Register value LSB			LRC MSB		LRC LSB		0x0D	0x0A

Response

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB		Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB		0x30	0x36	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x37	
0x30		0x30	Register value	Register value LSB		LRC MSB		LRC LSB		0x0D	0x0A

**0x06 --- Write single register (AUTO\_CAL)**

Query

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB		Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB		0x30	0x36	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x38
0x30	0x30	Register value	Register value LSB		LRC MSB		LRC LSB		0x0D	0x0A

Response

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB		Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB		0x30	0x36	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x38
0x30	0x30	Register value	Register value LSB		LRC MSB		LRC LSB		0x0D	0x0A

**0x06 --- Write single register (C/F)**

Query

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB		Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB		0x30	0x36	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x39
0x30	0x30	Register value	Register value LSB		LRC MSB		LRC LSB		0x0D	0x0A

Response

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB		Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB		0x30	0x36	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x39
0x30	0x30	Register value	Register value LSB		LRC MSB		LRC LSB		0x0D	0x0A

**0x06 --- Write single register (DISPLAY\_MODE)**

Query

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB		Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB		0x30	0x36	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x41
0x30	0x30	Register value	Register value LSB		LRC MSB		LRC LSB		0x0D	0x0A

Response

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB	0x30	0x36	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x41
0x30	0x30	Register value	Register value LSB	LRC MSB	LRC LSB	0x0D	0x0A	

**0x06 --- Write single register (TEMPERATURE\_OFFSET)**

Query

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB	0x30	0x36	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x42
0x30	0x30	Register value	Register value LSB	LRC MSB	LRC LSB	0x0D	0x0A	

Response

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB	0x30	0x36	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x42
0x30	0x30	Register value	Register value LSB	LRC MSB	LRC LSB	0x0D	0x0A	

**0x06 --- Write single register (RH\_OFFSET)**

Query

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB	0x30	0x36	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x43
0x30	0x30	Register value	Register value LSB	LRC MSB	LRC LSB	0x0D	0x0A	

Response

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB	0x30	0x36	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x43
0x30	0x30	Register value	Register value LSB	LRC MSB	LRC LSB	0x0D	0x0A	

**0x06 --- Write single register (RELAY\_SETPPOINT)**

Query

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB	0x30	0x36	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x44
0x30	0x30	Register value	Register value LSB	LRC MSB	LRC LSB	0x0D	0x0A	

Response

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB	0x30	0x36	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x44
0x30	0x30	Register value	Register value LSB	LRC MSB	LRC LSB	0x0D	0x0A	

**0x06 --- Write single register (RELAY\_HYSTERESIS)**

Query

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB	0x30	0x36	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x45
0x30	0x30	Register value	Register value LSB	LRC MSB	LRC LSB	0x0D	0x0A	

## Response

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB	0x30	0x36	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x45
0x30	0x30	Register value	Register value LSB	LRC MSB	LRC LSB	0x0D	0x0A	

**0x06 --- Write single register (OVERRIDE\_SWITCH\_RESET)**

## Query

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB	0x30	0x36	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x46
0x30	0x30	Register value	Register value LSB	LRC MSB	LRC LSB	0x0D	0x0A	

## Response

0x3A	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 MSB	Slave address 0x01 to 0x20 LSB	0x30	0x36	0x30	0x30	0x30	0x46
0x30	0x30	Register value	Register value LSB	LRC MSB	LRC LSB	0x0D	0x0A	

**Exception response**

0x3A	Slave address (0x01 to 0x20) MSB (0x30)	Slave address (0x01 to 0x20) LSB	Function Code * + 0x80 MSB	Function Code * + 0x80 LSB	0x30
Exception code	0x01, 0x02 or 0x03 (0x31, 0x32 or 0x33)	LRC MSB	LRC LSB	Return-line feed (CRLF) 0x0D	Return-line feed (CRLF) 0x0A

\* If Function Code = 03, then MSB = 0x38, LSB = 0x33, for example

**Calibration**

Calibration with gas requires a field calibration kit consisting of an LCD, a bottle of 1000 ppm CO<sub>2</sub> gas, a tank pressure regulator with flow restrictor and the necessary tubing to connect to the device.

Note that because of the Automatic Calibration Mode and other technology incorporated into the CDD series, only a single point 1000 ppm calibration is required to meet specified accuracy.

Turn the regulator on/off knob fully off and attach it to the 1000 ppm CO<sub>2</sub> gas bottle and firmly tighten it by hand. Remove the cover of the unit to be calibrated to expose the gas sensor chamber. The tubing from the gas bottle can be connected to either port on the chamber after the plastic cap is removed. Gently remove one cap and connect the tubing, note that strong shock or vibration can affect calibration.

Ensure the device has been operating normally for at least five minutes before applying gas. Slowly turn the valve knob on the regulator to let the gas begin flowing.

The regulator will restrict the flow rate to the specified 100 ml/min. After a brief period the gas will flow into the chamber and the CO<sub>2</sub> reading on the LCD will begin to approach 1000 ppm. Wait 1 to 2 minutes until the CO<sub>2</sub> reading stabilizes.

Enter the Setup menu and use the <MENU> key to advance to **Calibrat 1000 PPM**. Press and hold the <SAVE> key for 2 seconds and the display will change to **Waiting Calibrat** then to **Waiting 5 minute** to indicate that the process of reprogramming the internal calibration setting is taking place.

This calibration process takes about 5 minutes and the LCD will count down the minutes. Do not disturb the unit or the gas flow during this period. When calibration is complete the unit will display **Calibrat Done**. Press the <SAVE> key to return to normal operation and then the gas can be shut off.

Disconnect the tubing and replace the cap on the sensor chamber as calibration is complete.

**General Specifications**

Power Supply . . . . . 20 – 28 Vac/dc (non-isolated half-wave rectified)  
Consumption . . . . . 80 mA max @ 24 Vdc, 140 mA max @ 24 Vac with all options  
Protection Circuitry . . . . . Reverse voltage protected, overvoltage protected  
Operating Conditions . . . . . 0-50 °C (32-122 °F), 0-95 %RH non-condensing  
Wiring Connections . . . . . Screw terminal block (14 to 22 AWG)  
Sensor Coverage Area . . . . . 100 m<sup>2</sup> (1000 ft<sup>2</sup>) typical  
Enclosure . . . . . Wall mount enclosure, 3.3”w x 4.7”h x 1.15”d (84 x 119 x 29 mm)

**CO2 Signal**

Measurement Type . . . . . Non-Dispersive Infrared (NDIR), diffusion sampling  
Measurement Range . . . . . 0-2000 ppm  
Standard Accuracy . . . . . ± 75 ppm @ 1000 ppm @ 22 °C (72 °F) compared to certified calibration gas  
Temperature Dependence . . . . . 0.2 %FS per °C  
Stability . . . . . < 2 %FS over life of sensor (15 year typical)  
Pressure Dependence . . . . . 0.13 % of reading per mm Hg  
Altitude Correction . . . . . Programmable from 0-5000 ft via ModBus  
Response Time . . . . . < 2 minutes for 90 % step change typical  
Warm-up Time . . . . . < 2 minutes

**Interface**

Hardware . . . . . 2-wire RS-485  
Software . . . . . Native ModBus MS/TP protocol (RTU or ASCII)  
Baud Rate . . . . . Locally set to 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 76800 or 115200  
Slave Address Range . . . . . Locally set to 0-64 (factory default is 1), (32 devices max on one daisy chain)

**LCD Display**

Resolution . . . . . 1 ppm CO2, 1 %RH, 1 °C (1 °F)  
Size . . . . . 1.4” w x 0.6” h (35 x 15 mm) alpha-numeric 2 line x 8 characters  
Backlight . . . . . Enable or disable via keypad

**Optional Temperature Signal**

Sensing Element . . . . . 10K thermistor, ± 0.4 °F (± 0.2 °C)  
Resolution . . . . . 0.2 °F (0.1 °C)  
Range . . . . . 32-95 °F (0-35 °C)

**Optional RH Signal**

Sensor . . . . . Thermoset polymer based capacitive  
Accuracy . . . . . ± 2 %RH  
Range . . . . . 0-100 %RH, non-condensing  
Resolution . . . . . 1 %RH  
Hysteresis . . . . . ± 3 %RH  
Response Time . . . . . 15 seconds typical  
Stability . . . . . ± 1.2 %RH typical @ 50 %RH in 5 years

**Optional Relay Output**

Contact Ratings . . . . . Form A contact (N.O.), 2 Amps @ 140 Vac, 2 Amps @ 30 Vdc  
Relay Trip Point . . . . . Programmable 500-1500 ppm via ModBus  
Relay Hysteresis . . . . . Programmable 25-200 ppm via ModBus

**Optional Override Switch** . . Front panel push-button available as ModBus register

**Optional Setpoint Control** . . Front panel push-buttons available as 0 to 100 % as ModBus register

